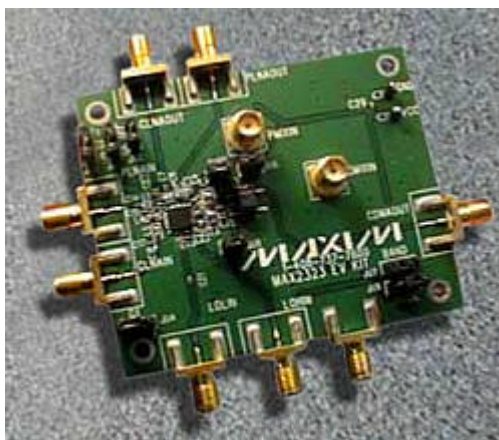


REP007: Cellular Front-End IC Drives IFR3100 IF Demodulator

Rapid Engineering Prototypes are real circuits that Maxim application engineers have built and measured in our labs. They can provide a starting point for new RF designs. They are not available as Evaluation Kits.

Additional Information: [Wireless Product Line Page](#)
[Quick View Data Sheet for the MAX2323/MAX2325](#)
[Applications Technical Support](#)



Objective: To develop a suitable IF match between this dual-band triple-mode front-end IC and the IFR3100 IF demodulator IC, and to measure the front-end performance.

The MAX2323 offers very attractive I_{cc} versus noise figure and linearity, so this front-end IC is found in applications replacing poorer-performing ICs from other non-Maxim chipsets. This application was developed to match the IF port to the MSM-based IFT3100 IF demodulator. Note that the MAX2323 PCS LNA was measured at a 1.9dB noise figure, which could likely be improved further given the time.

The MAX2323 low-noise amplifier (LNA) plus mixer is designed for dual-band CDMA cellular-phone handsets, but it can also be used in dual-band TDMA, GSM, EDGE, or WCDMA applications. It differs from its predecessor (the MAX2320) by adding a third "mid-

gain" state for the cellular-band LNA that improves switchover hysteresis margin. It also comes in a smaller package (28-QFN) and offers increased third-order input intercept.

[Block Diagram of the Receive-Path Application](#)

[Schematic of the MAX2323 Evaluation Kit \(PDF, 55K\)](#)

[Bill of Materials, Part 1](#)

[Bill of Materials, Part 2](#)

[Performance Results of the MAX2323](#)

MORE INFORMATION

MAX2323: [QuickView](#) -- [Full \(PDF\) Data Sheet \(176k\)](#) -- [Free Sample](#)